Maternal Borderline Personality Disorder's Effects on Child Health and Development Mei Timpson

INTRODUCTION

- Borderline personality disorder (BPD), characterized by extreme issues with relationships, identity, and emotions, is the most common personality disorder.^{1,2}
- BPD's personality issues resemble important personality-building periods in child development.³
- There lacks reviews within the past five years analyzing how maternal BPD may affect child health and development.^{1,4-6}

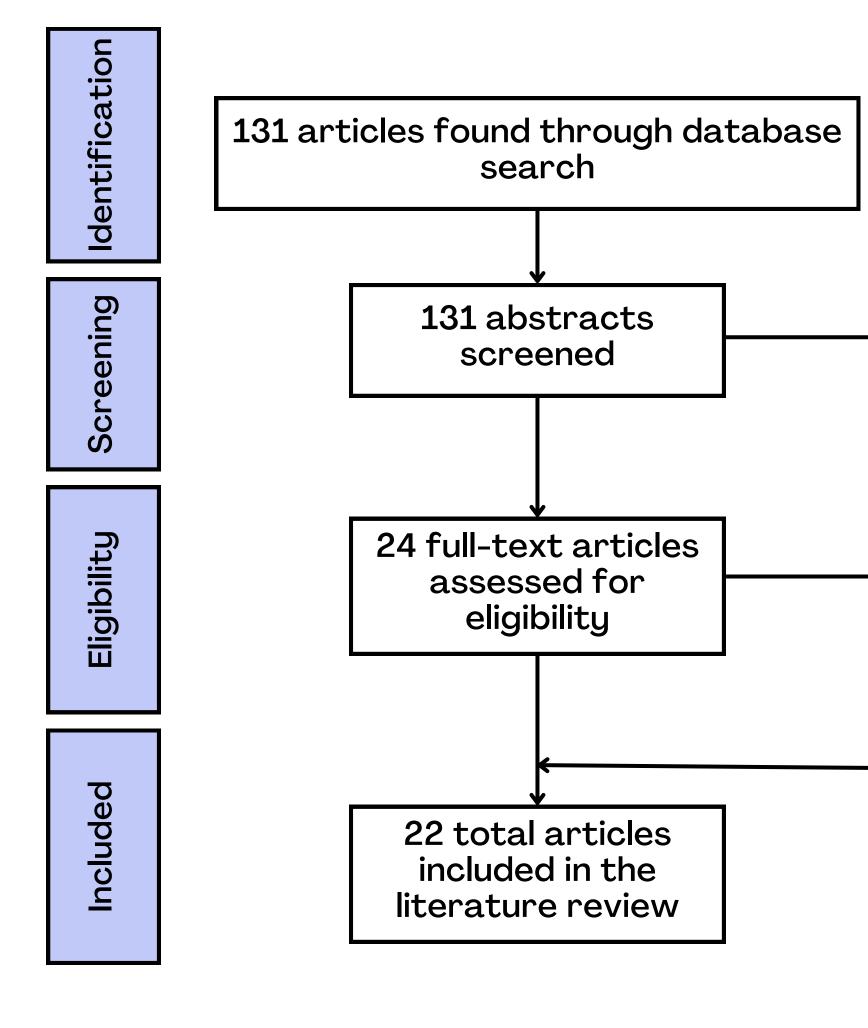
OBJECTIVES

- Literature review: combine findings from empirical research published between 2013 and 2023 that investigated maternal BPD's effects on child health and development
- **Proposal** of interventions and future research

METHODOLOGY

- Search was done on November 6th, 2023
- Keywords: "borderline personality disorder" AND ("child health" OR "child development") AND ("maternal" OR "mother" OR "father" OR "parent")
- Databases/sources: University of Toronto's LibrarySearch, PubMed, ProQuest, published reviews
- Inclusion criteria: peer-reviewed, published between 2013 and 2023, in English, discussion of parental BPD and its impacts on child health or development
 - Later addition: focus on maternal BPD, empirical
- Exclusion criteria: duplicate articles, not reporting findings about BPD

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RESULTS OF THE THEMATIC ANALYSIS

Emotional Development

- 1. Worse child emotional regulation. a. May be explained by maternal emotional dysregulation,^{8,14} ill-equipped parenting,¹¹ or maternal emotional reactivity." 2. Mixed impacts on child's mood. Social Development
- 1. Child attachment difficulties. a. Possibly explained by parenting style.
- 2. Disrupted mother-child relationships. 15,19-21 a. Possibly affected by emotional functioning
- 3. Lack of evidence for relationship issues in children.

Figure 1. Flow chart of selection process

107 articles excluded

11 articles excluded Not analyzing child impacts (n=2) Non-empirical (n=9) 9 articles identified

from published reviews meeting eligibility

and child expectations of the relationship.²¹

RESULTS CONTINUED

Psychological Development

1. Mixed findings on child identity development. poor mother-child relationship.²⁵

Physical Health

• Studies lack generalization and good designs.

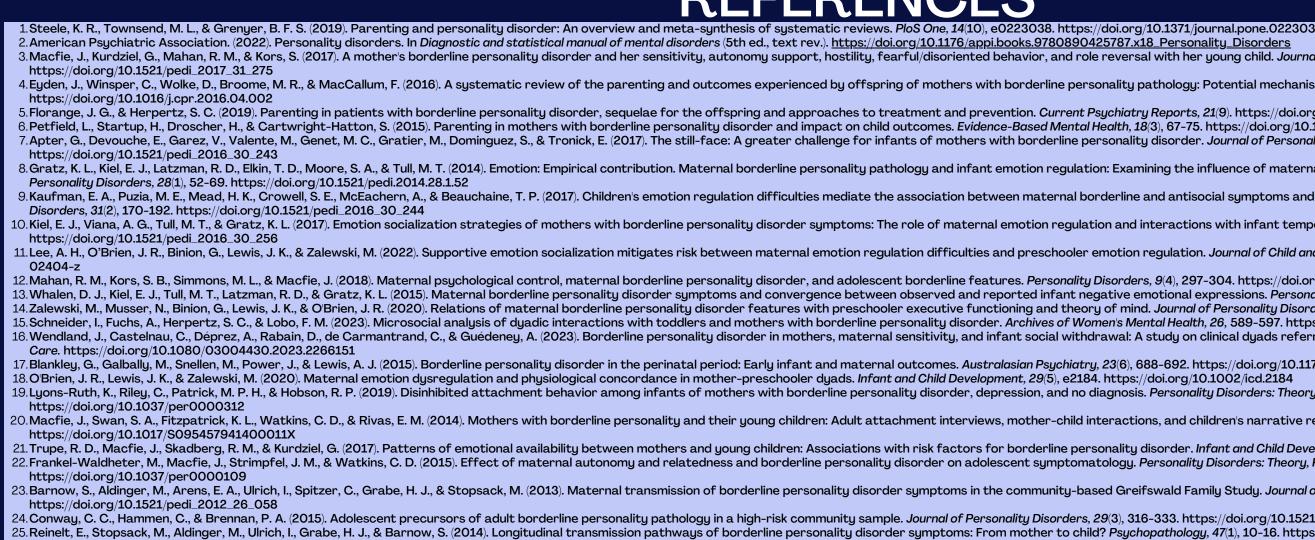
DISCUSSION

Different findings than prior reviews

- Maternal BPD associated directly with worse mother-child relationships, child attachment, and child physical health, and indirectly with child emotional dysregulation.
- May be explained by ill-equipped parenting or maternal emotional dysregulation
- Implication: worse child health may be because mothers score higher on risk factors applicable to the general population.

Recommendations

- Evidence-based treatments for mothers with BPD focused on parenting skills and BPD's symptoms
- Interventions for the general population targeting ill-equipped parenting and emotional dysregulation.
- Research on diverse populations and parental BPD's specific effects on children's psychological and physical development.
- Research using methods assessing if maternal BPD occurs before poorer child outcomes.





- 2. Mixed findings on child mental disorder development.
 - a. Child mental disorder development possibly explained by ill-
 - equipped parenting, maternal emotional dysregulation, and

• Possible worse antenatal health, birth outcomes, use of child protective services, and child cortisol levels.¹⁷

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